

# RESEARCH ETHICS AND INTEGRITY

Scientific progress is not above ethics. In the fast pace of scientific advancements, it is crucial to know where the ethical boundaries lie. This infographic highlights some\* of the key aspects of doing research ethically.

## CREDIT

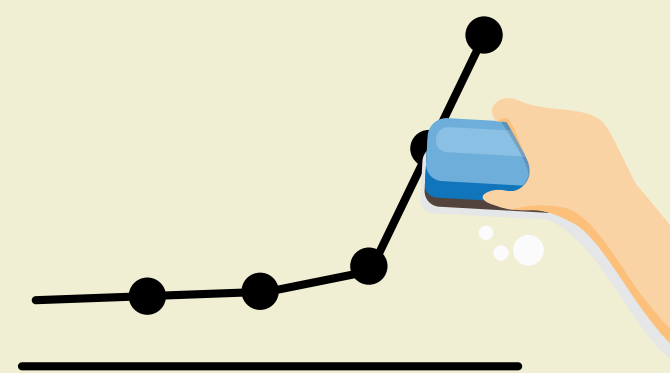
01



**Plagiarism** refers to copying or modifying words, images, ideas, or other works without crediting the source. Say no to and stay mindful of plagiarism, be it for a research publication or a class project.

## DATA AUTHENTICITY

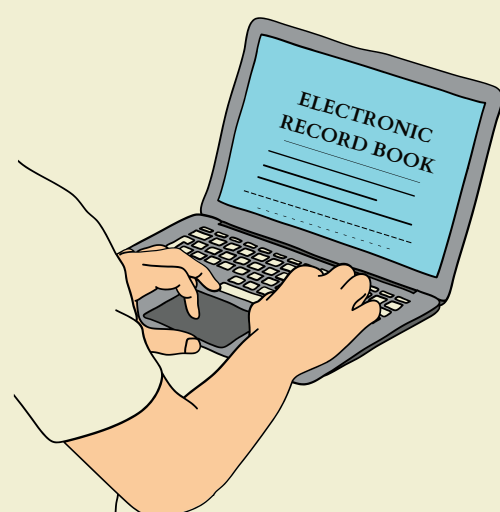
02



Do you have data that rejects your favourite hypothesis? Don't ignore it or alter it in a rush to publish. Data **fabrication**, **falsification** and 'cherry-picking' are unethical and fraudulent, and hurt scientific progress. Change your hypothesis, not your data.

## DATA REPRODUCIBILITY

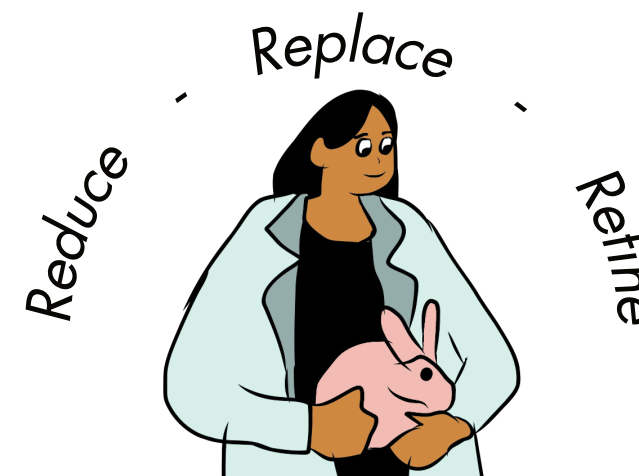
03



**Document everything.** Follow good practices of recording and storing your work, including the 'failed' experiments. Your peers (and future self) will thank you for it.

## ANIMALS IN RESEARCH

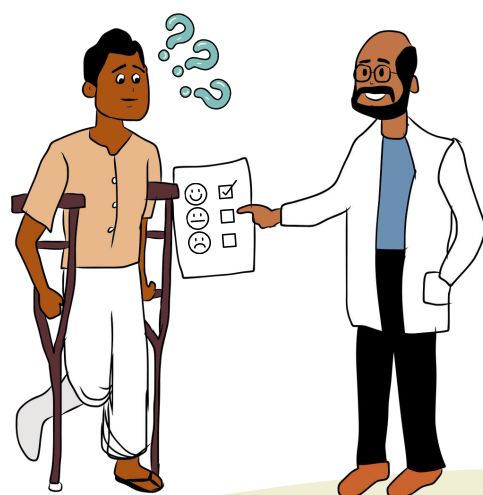
04



Animals feel stress, pain and fear too. Treat them humanely. Consider **replacing** them with non-animal models and products. If you can't, consider **reducing** their usage and **refining** your experiments to get the most out of fewer animals.

## CLINICAL RESEARCH ETHICS

05



Before a clinical study, ensure that the participants truly and entirely understand the goals of the study and its impact on them. Proceed only with their **informed and understood consent**. Uphold the **confidentiality** of their information.

## RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

06



**Use resources wisely.** Avoid wasting paper, plastic, water, electricity, instruments, reagents or human resources. Take care in handling and disposing of hazardous materials. Do not compromise the **safety** of your workspace or the people in it or outside.

## UNDERSTANDING CONFLICT OF INTEREST

07



Here are two scenarios of conflict of interest. Who do you think is acting ethically – person A or B?

If your invention, research study, or other work could benefit you in ways that clash with your professional responsibilities, then there is a **conflict of interest**. Be **transparent** about it, even when the possibility of a conflict is remote.

## UPHOLDING A PROFESSIONAL CODE OF HONESTY

08



It is human to err. **Own your mistakes** and take the necessary steps to correct them. Create a workspace that encourages honesty and openness in your team members.

## BROADER IMPACT OF RESEARCH

09



Think about how your work impacts the world. If unsure, **talk to experts** in the area of ethics and integrity.

## STAY UPDATED WITH RESEARCH ETHICS

10



Science is a social enterprise with multiple stakeholders, including scientists, educators, students, entrepreneurs, policymakers and the public. Engage in discussions on research ethics and integrity with all stakeholders. **Revisit and revise the policies regularly.**